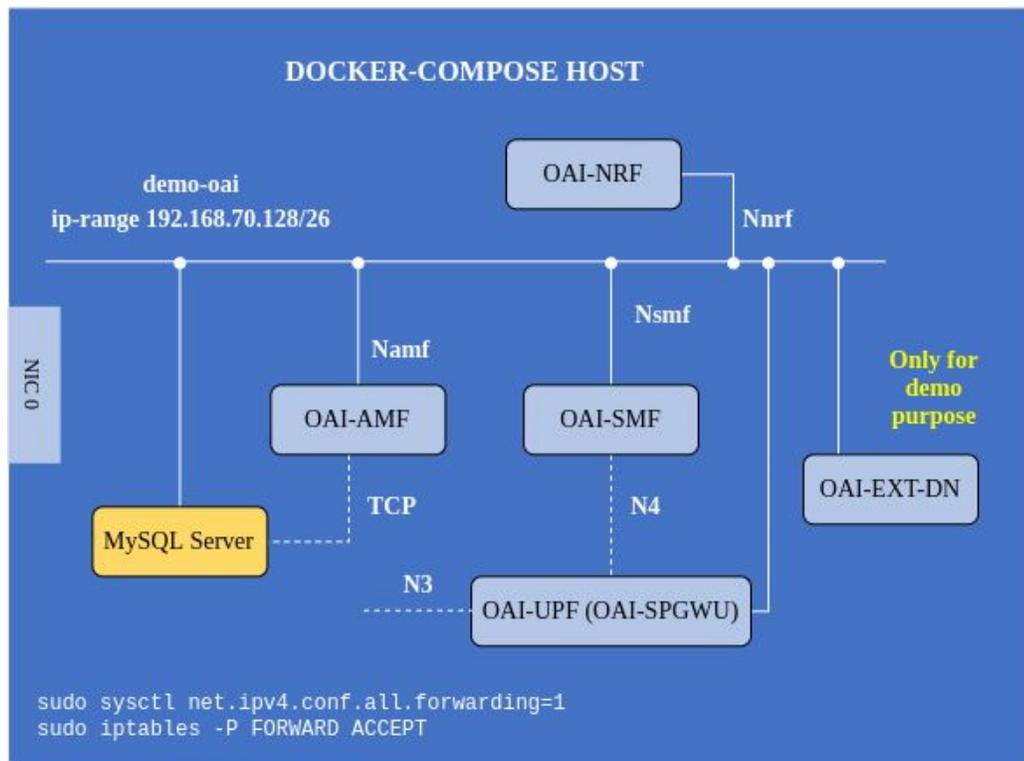

Deployment Options of OAI 5gCore

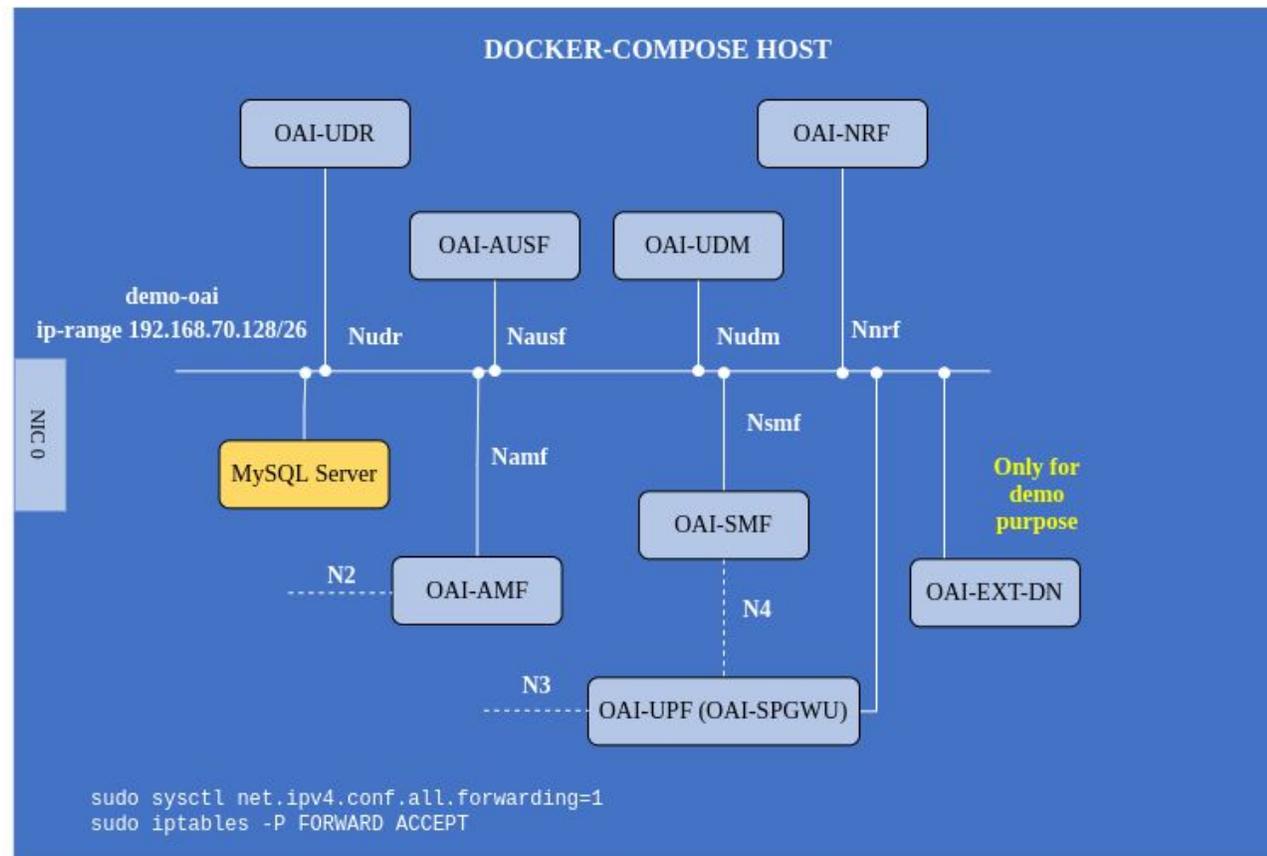


Maintainer: CI-CD Team OAI
Presenter: Sagar Arora

OAI 5g CN Deployment Flavors (4 possibilities)



Minimal Functional Core Network (MFCN) : MYSQL, AMF, SMF, UPF (SPGWU), NRF (optional)



Basic Functional Core Network (BFCN): MYSQL, AMF, SMF, UPF (SPGWU), NRF (optional), AUSF, UDM, UDR

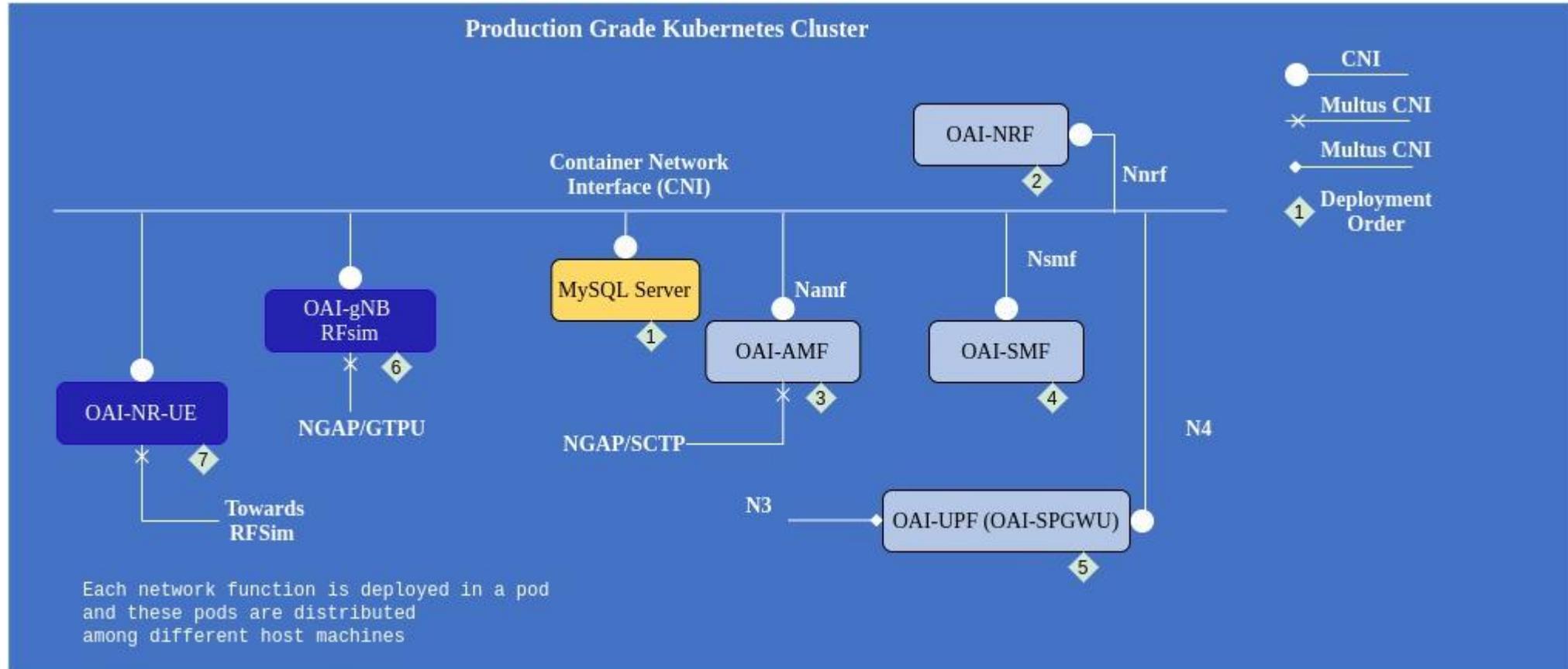
Orchestrators and operating system possibilities

- Production grade kubernetes (Openshift), vanilla kubernetes: [helm chart tutorial](#)
- Docker single node deployment using docker-compose : [docker-compose tutorial](#)
- Operating system, Red Hat (UBI8) and Ubuntu 18.04: [Building images tutorial](#) or pull from [docker-hub](#)
 - Develop tag: image is built from develop branch
 - Version tag: image is built from master branch
- Everything is verified with an automated CI/CD framework

Cloud-native oriented FQDN/service exposure feature

- In cloud native environment there should not be static ip-addresses but the traditional deployment methods were highly based on static ip-addresses of the component.
- Network functions can consume the services of other network functions using NRF or using FQDN/service name (kubernetes or docker-compose).
- When NRF is used it is possible to provide static ip-address of NRF or FQDN/service name of NRF.
- This feature removes the dependency on static ip-address and increase the availability of a network functions if load balancing can be used.
- Example [configuration of AMF](#)

End to End OAI Stack Deployment Scenario



Important points

- OAI-gNB RF simulator needs to be allocated with a predefined static ip-address.
- The configuration file of OAI-gNB RF Simulator also requires AMF ip-address and it can not resolve for the moment FQDN provided by Kubernetes service exposure. Even AMF needs to be configured with a static ip-address.
- Two ways to configure static ip-address
 - We provide the possibility to create extra multus interfaces in embedded in helm chart
 - Using the option provided by CNI some CNI like calico and Kube-OVN they provide the possibility to allocate static ip-address on eth0 (managed by primary CNI) interface.

Calico Extra Interface

- Check the subnet provided to Calico
- In the deployment.yaml file of oai-gnb and oai-amf you have to add below line in `annotation` section
 "cnf.projectcalico.org/ipAddrs": "[\"X.X.X.X\"]"
- For more information follow this [official link from calico](#)

OAI-gNB RF Simulator Configuration

config:

```
timeZone: "Europe/Paris"  
rfSimulator: "server"  
useSATddMono: "yes"  
gnbName: "gnb-rfsim"  
mcc: "208" # check the information with AMF, SMF, UPF/SPGWU  
mnc: "95" # check the information with AMF, SMF, UPF/SPGWU  
mncLength: "2" # check the information with AMF, SMF, UPF/SPGWU  
tac: "1" # check the information with AMF  
nssaiSst: "1" #currently only 4 standard values are allowed 1,2,3,4  
nssaiSd0: "1" #values in hexa-decimal format  
nssaiSd1: "112233"  
amfIpAddress: "192.168.18.177" # amf ip-address currently we can not  
provide the amf service name to be used by gNB  
gnbNgaIfName: "net1" #ngap interface  
gnbNgaIpAddress: "192.168.18.178"  
gnbNguIfName: "net1" #gtu interface for upf/spgwu  
gnbNguIpAddress: "192.168.18.178"  
useAdditionalOptions: "--sa -E --rfsim"
```